

HOJA DE EJERCICIOS - OPERACIONES CON RADICALES

Enunciados

1. Simplifica y calcula si es posible las siguientes raíces:

(a) $\sqrt[3]{8}$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{0,027}$

(h) $\sqrt[4]{\frac{81}{16}}$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{-1}$

(f) $\sqrt[4]{81}$

(i) $\sqrt[5]{3^{15}}$

(c) $\sqrt[3]{-8}$

(g) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{64}}$

(d) $\sqrt[3]{0,125}$

Ir a solución

2. Simplifica las siguientes raíces:

(a) $\sqrt[4]{3^2}$

(e) $\sqrt[8]{(x^2 \cdot y^2)^2}$

(h) $\sqrt[12]{x^8}$

(b) $\sqrt[8]{5^4}$

(f) $\sqrt[15]{2^{12}}$

(i) $\sqrt[10]{a^8}$

(c) $\sqrt[9]{2^7}$

(g) $\sqrt[6]{8}$

(j) $\sqrt[12]{x^4 \cdot y^8 \cdot z^4}$

(d) $\sqrt[6]{5^3}$

Ir a solución

3. Escribe los siguientes radicales con índice común

(a) $\sqrt{5}, \sqrt[5]{2^3}, \sqrt[15]{7^2}$

(c) $\sqrt[4]{3}, \sqrt[6]{16}, \sqrt[15]{9}$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{5}, \sqrt[5]{7^3}, \sqrt[15]{3^2}$

(d) $\sqrt[4]{31}, \sqrt[9]{13}$

Ir a solución

4. Realiza las siguientes multiplicaciones, expresando el resultado con un sólo radical

(a) $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{32}$

(c) $\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \sqrt[5]{2}$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}$

(d) $\sqrt[3]{2^2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2}$

(f) $\sqrt[3]{a^2} \cdot \sqrt[6]{a^5}$

Ir a solución

5. Opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales

(a) $\frac{\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{2}}$

(e) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{8}}{\sqrt[4]{2}}$

(i) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{16}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

(b) $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}}$

(f) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{7^2}}{\sqrt{7}}$

(j) $\frac{\sqrt[4]{4}}{\sqrt[6]{8}}$

(c) $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{3}}$

(g) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{9}}{\sqrt[6]{3}}$

(k) $\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{\sqrt[3]{ab}}$

(d) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{16}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

(h) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{9}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

Ir a solución

6. Opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales. Racionaliza si es necesario.

(a) $(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})^2 + (2\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{2})^2$

(e) $(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})^2 - (4\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})^2$

(b) $12\sqrt[3]{16} - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt[3]{128}$

(f) $4\sqrt{8} - 7\sqrt{50} + \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{18} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{98}$

(c) $\frac{\sqrt{24} \cdot \sqrt[5]{14}}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt[5]{7}}$

(g) $\frac{\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}}{\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt[4]{125}}$

(d) $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{125} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{180} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{80}$

(h) $\sqrt{\frac{98}{7}} + 2\sqrt{56} - 5\sqrt{126} - \sqrt[4]{196}$

[Ir a solución](#)

7. Racionaliza, opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales

(a) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{7}}$

(e) $\frac{5}{3 - \sqrt{11}}$

(b) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{11}}$

(f) $\frac{2}{\sqrt[5]{27}(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{11})}$

(c) $\frac{12}{\sqrt[6]{13}}$

(g) $\frac{\sqrt{8} - 2}{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}}$

(d) $\frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt[3]{5}\sqrt[7]{11}}$

(h) $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}$

[Ir a solución](#)

Soluciones

1. Simplifica y calcula si es posible las siguientes raíces:

(a) $\sqrt[3]{8} = \sqrt[3]{2^3} = 2$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{-1} = -1$

(c) $\sqrt[3]{-8} = \sqrt{-2^3} = \sqrt{(-2)^3} = -2$

(d) $\sqrt[3]{0,125} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{125}{1000}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{5^3}{10^3}} = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)^3} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{0,027} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{1000}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3^3}{10^3}} = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{3}{10}\right)^3} = \frac{3}{10}$

(f) $\sqrt[4]{81} = \sqrt[4]{3^4} = 3$

(g) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{64}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3^3}{2^6}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{3^3}}{\sqrt[3]{2^6}} = \frac{3}{2^{\frac{6}{3}}} = \frac{3}{2^2} = \frac{3}{4}$

(h) $\sqrt[4]{\frac{81}{16}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{3^4}{2^4}} = \sqrt[4]{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} = \frac{3}{2}$

(i) $\sqrt[5]{3^{15}} = 3^{\frac{15}{5}} = 3^3$

[Volver al enunciado](#)

2. Simplifica las siguientes raíces:

(a) $\sqrt[4]{3^2} = 3^{\frac{2}{4}} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{3}$

(b) $\sqrt[8]{5^4} = 5^{\frac{4}{8}} = 5^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{5}$

(c) $\sqrt[9]{27} = \sqrt[9]{3^3} = (3^3)^{\frac{1}{9}} = 3^{\frac{3}{9}} = 3^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{3}$

(d) $\sqrt[6]{5^3} = 5^{\frac{3}{6}} = 5^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{5}$

(e) $\sqrt[8]{(x^2 \cdot y^2)^2} = \left[(x^2 \cdot y^2)^2\right]^{\frac{1}{8}} = x^{\frac{4}{8}} y^{\frac{4}{8}} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{xy}$

(f) $\sqrt[15]{2^{12}} = 2^{\frac{12}{15}} = 2^{\frac{4}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{2^4}$

(g) $\sqrt[6]{8} = \sqrt[6]{2^3} = 2^{\frac{3}{6}} = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{2}$

(h) $\sqrt[12]{x^8} = x^{\frac{8}{12}} = x^{\frac{2}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{x^2}$

(i) $\sqrt[10]{a^8} = a^{\frac{8}{10}} = a^{\frac{4}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{a^4}$

(j) $\sqrt[12]{x^4 \cdot y^8 \cdot z^4} = (x^4 \cdot y^8 \cdot z^4)^{\frac{1}{12}} = x^{\frac{4}{12}} \cdot y^{\frac{8}{12}} \cdot z^{\frac{4}{12}} = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot y^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot z^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{xy^2z}$

[Volver al enunciado](#)

3. Escribe los siguientes radicales con índice común

Para hacer lo que nos piden lo más fácil es trabajar con potencias fraccionarias, de modo que encontrar un índice común para todos los radicales es equivalente a poner todas las fracciones con igual denominador.

(a) $\sqrt{5}, \sqrt[5]{2^3}, \sqrt[15]{7^2}$

$$\sqrt[30]{5^{15}}, \sqrt[30]{2^{18}}, \sqrt[30]{7^4}$$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{5}, \sqrt[5]{7^3}, \sqrt[15]{3^2}$

$$\sqrt[15]{5^5}, \sqrt[15]{7^9}, \sqrt[15]{3^2}$$

(c) $\sqrt[4]{3}, \sqrt[6]{16}, \sqrt[15]{9}$

$$\sqrt[60]{3^{15}}, \sqrt[60]{2^{40}}, \sqrt[60]{3^8}$$

(d) $\sqrt[4]{31}, \sqrt[9]{13}$

$$\sqrt[36]{31^9}, \sqrt[36]{13^4}$$

[Volver al enunciado](#)

4. Realiza las siguientes multiplicaciones, expresando el resultado con un sólo radical

(a) $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{32} = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{5}{3}} = 2^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{3}} = 2^{\frac{3}{6} + \frac{10}{6}} = 2^{\frac{13}{6}} = 2^{2 + \frac{1}{6}} = 2^2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{6}} = 4\sqrt[6]{2}$

(b) $\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}} = 2^{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4}} = 2^{\frac{4}{12} + \frac{9}{12}} = 2^{\frac{13}{12}} = 2^{1 + \frac{1}{12}} = 2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{12}} = 2\sqrt[12]{2}$

(c) $\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \sqrt[5]{2} = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2^{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5}} = 2^{\frac{5}{15} + \frac{3}{15}} = 2^{\frac{8}{15}} = \sqrt[15]{2^8}$

(d) $\sqrt[3]{2^2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2} = 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{8}{12} + \frac{3}{12}} = 2^{\frac{11}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{2^{11}}$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8} = 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}} = 2^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}} = 2^{\frac{8}{12} + \frac{6}{12} + \frac{9}{12}} = 2^{\frac{23}{12}} = 2^{1 + \frac{11}{12}} = 2 \cdot 2^{\frac{11}{12}} = 2\sqrt[12]{2^{11}}$

(f) $\sqrt[3]{a^2} \cdot \sqrt[6]{a^5} = a^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot a^{\frac{5}{6}} = a^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6}} = a^{\frac{4}{6} + \frac{5}{6}} = a^{\frac{9}{6}} = a^{\frac{3}{2}} = a^{1 + \frac{1}{2}} = a \cdot a^{\frac{1}{2}} = a\sqrt{a}$

Volver al enunciado

5. Opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales

$$(a) \frac{\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^5}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2^{\frac{5}{2}-\frac{1}{2}} = 2^{\frac{4}{2}} = 2^2 = 4$$

$$(b) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}} = 2^{\frac{2}{2}} = 2$$

$$(c) \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{5 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$(d) \frac{\sqrt[3]{16}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^4}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{2^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 2^{\frac{4}{3}-\frac{1}{3}} = 2^{\frac{3}{3}} = 2$$

$$(e) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt[4]{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^3}}{\sqrt[4]{2}} = \frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = 2^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{6}{4}-\frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{5}{4}} = 2^{1+\frac{1}{4}} = 2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2\sqrt[4]{2}$$

$$(f) \frac{\sqrt[3]{7^2}}{\sqrt[7]{7}} = \frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{1}{7}}} = 7^{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{7}} = 7^{\frac{4}{6}-\frac{1}{6}} = 7^{\frac{3}{6}} = 7^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt[6]{7}$$

$$(g) \frac{\sqrt[3]{9}}{\sqrt[6]{3}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{3^2}}{\sqrt[6]{3}} = \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3^{\frac{1}{6}}} = 3^{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{6}} = 3^{\frac{4}{6}-\frac{1}{6}} = 3^{\frac{3}{6}} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$(h) \frac{\sqrt{9}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3^2}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} = \frac{3}{3^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 3^{1-\frac{1}{3}} = 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{3^2}$$

$$(i) \frac{\sqrt[3]{16}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^4}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{2^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 2^{\frac{4}{3}-\frac{1}{3}} = 2^{\frac{3}{3}} = 2$$

$$(j) \frac{\sqrt[4]{4}}{\sqrt[6]{8}} = \frac{\sqrt[4]{2^2}}{\sqrt[6]{2^3}} = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{4}}}{2^{\frac{3}{6}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 1$$

$$(k) \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{\sqrt[3]{ab}} = \frac{(ab)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = (ab)^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{3}} = (ab)^{\frac{3}{6}-\frac{2}{6}} = (ab)^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{ab}$$

Volver al enunciado

6. Opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales

(a) $(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})^2 + (2\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{2})^2$

$$\begin{aligned}(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})^2 + (2\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{2})^2 &= (2\sqrt{5})^2 - 2(2\sqrt{5})(3\sqrt{2}) + (3\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &+ (2\sqrt{5})^2 + 2(2\sqrt{5})(3\sqrt{2}) + (3\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= 2(2\sqrt{5})^2 + 2(3\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= 2 \cdot 2^2(\sqrt{5})^2 + 2 \cdot 3^2(\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= 40 + 36 \\ &= 76\end{aligned}$$

(b) $12\sqrt[3]{16} - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt[3]{128}$

$$\begin{aligned}12\sqrt[3]{16} - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt[3]{128} &= 12\sqrt[3]{2^4} - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt[3]{2^7} \\ &+ 12 \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{2} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot 2^2\sqrt[3]{2} \\ &= \left(12 \cdot 2 - \frac{3}{5} \cdot 2^2\right)\sqrt[3]{2} \\ &= \left(24 - \frac{12}{5}\right)\sqrt[3]{2} \\ &= \frac{108}{5}\sqrt[3]{2}\end{aligned}$$

(c) $\frac{\sqrt{24} \cdot \sqrt[5]{14}}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt[5]{7}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\sqrt{24} \cdot \sqrt[5]{14}}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt[5]{7}} &= \frac{\sqrt{2^3 \cdot 3} \cdot \sqrt[5]{7 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 3} \cdot \sqrt[5]{7}} \\ &= \frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 7^{\frac{1}{5}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{5}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 7^{\frac{1}{5}}} \\ &= 2^{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{2}} \\ &= 2^{1 + \frac{1}{5}} \\ &= 2\sqrt[5]{2}\end{aligned}$$

(d) $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{125} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{180} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{80}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{125} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{180} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{80} &= \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5^3} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 5} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{2^4 \cdot 5} \\ &= \frac{1}{3}5\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{3}3 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{5} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}2^2 \cdot \sqrt{5} \\ &= \left(\frac{5}{3} - 2 - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{4}{5}\right)\sqrt{5} \\ &= \left(\frac{50}{30} - \frac{60}{30} - \frac{45}{30} - \frac{24}{30}\right)\sqrt{5} \\ &= -\frac{79}{30}\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

(e) $(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})^2 - (4\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})^2$

$$\begin{aligned}(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})^2 - (4\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})^2 &= (2\sqrt{5})^2 - 2(2\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{2}) + (\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &\quad - (4\sqrt{6})^2 - 2(4\sqrt{6})(\sqrt{2}) - (\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= 4 \cdot 5 - 4\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2} - 16 \cdot 6 - 8\sqrt{2} \cdot 3\sqrt{2} \\ &= -76 - 4\sqrt{10} - 16\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

(f) $4\sqrt{8} - 7\sqrt{50} + \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{18} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{98}$

$$\begin{aligned} 4\sqrt{8} - 7\sqrt{50} + \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{18} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{98} &= 4\sqrt{2^3} - 7\sqrt{5^2 \cdot 2} + \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 2} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2 \cdot 7^2} \\ &= 4 \cdot 2\sqrt{2} - 7 \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{2} + \frac{8}{3} \cdot 3\sqrt{2} + \frac{5}{2} \cdot 7\sqrt{2} \\ &= \left(8 - 35 + 8 + \frac{35}{2}\right) \\ &= -\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

(g) $\frac{\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}}{\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt[4]{125}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}}{\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt[4]{125}} &= \frac{\sqrt{5 \cdot 2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2^3}}{\sqrt{5 \cdot 3} \cdot \sqrt[4]{5^3}} \\ &= \frac{5^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}}}{5^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 5^{\frac{3}{4}}} \\ &= \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}}}{3^{\frac{1}{2}} 5^{\frac{3}{4}}} \\ &= \frac{2^{\frac{5}{4}}}{3^{\frac{1}{2}} 5^{\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot \frac{5^{\frac{1}{4}}}{5^{\frac{1}{4}}} \cdot \frac{3^{\frac{1}{2}}}{3^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\ &= \frac{2^4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{5} \sqrt{3}}{3 \cdot 5} \\ &= \frac{2^4 \sqrt{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 9}}{15} \\ &= \frac{2^4 \sqrt{90}}{15} \end{aligned}$$

(h) $\sqrt{\frac{98}{7}} + 2\sqrt{56} - 5\sqrt{126} - \sqrt[4]{196}$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{\frac{98}{7}} + 2\sqrt{56} - 5\sqrt{126} - \sqrt[4]{196} &= \sqrt{\frac{7^2 \cdot 2}{7}} + 2\sqrt{2^3 \cdot 7} - 5\sqrt{2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7} - \sqrt[4]{2^2 \cdot 7^2} \\ &= \sqrt{14} + 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{14} - 5 \cdot 3\sqrt{14} - \sqrt{14} \\ &= (1 + 4 - 15 - 1) \sqrt{14} \\ &= -11\sqrt{14}\end{aligned}$$

[Volver al enunciado](#)

7. Racionaliza, opera y simplifica las siguientes expresiones con radicales

$$(a) \frac{5}{\sqrt{7}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{7}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}} = \frac{5\sqrt{7}}{7}$$

$$(b) \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{11}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{11}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{11}}{\sqrt{11}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{11}}{2 \cdot 11} = \frac{2\sqrt{22}}{22}$$

$$(c) \frac{12}{\sqrt[6]{13}} = \frac{12}{13^{\frac{1}{6}}} = \frac{12}{13^{\frac{1}{6}}} \cdot \frac{13^{\frac{5}{6}}}{13^{\frac{5}{6}}} = \frac{12\sqrt[6]{13^5}}{13}$$

$$(d) \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt[3]{5}\sqrt[7]{11}} = \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{5^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 11^{\frac{1}{7}}} = \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{5^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 11^{\frac{1}{7}}} \cdot \frac{5^{\frac{2}{3}}}{5^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{11^{\frac{6}{7}}}{11^{\frac{6}{7}}} = \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt[3]{5^2}\sqrt[7]{11^6}}{55}$$

$$(e) \frac{5}{3-\sqrt{11}} = \frac{5}{3-\sqrt{11}} \cdot \frac{3+\sqrt{11}}{3+\sqrt{11}} = \frac{5(3+\sqrt{11})}{9-11} = -\frac{15+5\sqrt{11}}{2}$$

$$(f) \frac{2}{\sqrt[5]{27}(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{11})} = \frac{2}{3^{\frac{3}{5}}(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{11})} \cdot \frac{3^{\frac{2}{5}}}{3^{\frac{2}{5}}} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{11})}{(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{11})} = \frac{2\sqrt[5]{3^2}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{11})}{3(3-11)} = -\frac{\sqrt[5]{3^2}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{11})}{12}$$

$$(g) \frac{\sqrt{8}-2}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{8}-2}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} &= \frac{\sqrt{8}-2}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{8}-2)(\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{3})}{8-3} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{8-\sqrt{24}-2\sqrt{8}+2\sqrt{3}}{5} + \sqrt{3} \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{8}-2)(\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{3})}{8-3} + \sqrt{3} \\ &= \frac{8-\sqrt{24}-2\sqrt{8}+2\sqrt{3}}{5} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{5} \\ &= \frac{8-\sqrt{24}-2\sqrt{8}+7\sqrt{3}}{5} \\ &= \frac{8-2\sqrt{6}-4\sqrt{2}+7\sqrt{3}}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$(h) \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} &= \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \\ &= \frac{2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}+3}{2-3} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} \\ &= 2\sqrt{6}-5-\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} \\ &= \frac{5}{3}\sqrt{6}-5 \end{aligned}$$

Volver al enunciado

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